



Vincotech

**flow MNPC 4w****1200 V / 600 A****Features**

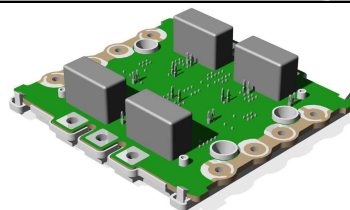
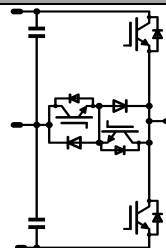
- Mixed voltage NPC
- Low inductive
- High power screw interface

**Target Applications**

- Solar inverter
- UPS
- High speed motor drive

**Types**

- 70-W212NMC600SH01-M700P

**flow SCREW 4w housing****Schematic****Maximum Ratings** $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>half bridge IGBT ( T1 , T4 )</b>				
Collector-emitter break down voltage	$V_{CE}$		1200	V
DC collector current	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_h = 80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	457 589	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	1800	A
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_h = 80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	1105 1674	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	$V_{GE}$		$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit ratings	$t_{SC}$ $V_{CC}$	$T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$	10 800	$\mu\text{s}$ V
Turn off safe operating area (RBSOA)	$I_{cmax}$	$V_{CEmax} = 1200\text{V}$ $T_{vjmax} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	1200	A
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

**neutral point FWD ( D2 , D3 )**

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	600	V
DC forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_h = 80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	318 430	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p = 1\text{ ms}$ $T_{vj} < 150^\circ\text{C}$	1800	A
Power dissipation per FWD	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_h = 80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	389 589	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

**Maximum Ratings** $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
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**neutral point IGBT ( T2 , T3 )**

Collector-emitter break down voltage	$V_{CE}$		600	V
DC collector current	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_h = 80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	420 550	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	1800	A
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_h = 80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	645 977	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	$V_{GE}$		$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit ratings	$t_{SC}$ $V_{CC}$	$T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$	6 360	$\mu\text{s}$ V
Turn off safe operating area (RBSOA)	$I_{cmax}$	$V_{CEmax} = 1200\text{V}$ $T_{vjmax} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	1200	A
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

**half bridge FWD ( D1 , D4 )**

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1200	V
DC forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_h = 80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	239 316	A
Surge forward current	$I_{FSM}$	$t_p = 10\text{ms}, \sin 180^\circ$ $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	1800	A
I <sup>2</sup> t-value	$I^2t$		8100	A <sup>2</sup> s
Power dissipation per FWD	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_h = 80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	468 709	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$



## Maximum Ratings

 $T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
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### DC link Capacitor

Max.DC voltage	$V_{\text{MAX}}$	$T_{\text{cmax}} = 100^{\circ}\text{C}$	630	V
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### General Module Properties

Material of module baseplate			Cu	
Material of internal insulation			Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	

### Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	$T_{\text{stg}}$		-40...+125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{\text{op}}$		-40...+( $T_{\text{jmax}}$ - 25)	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

### Insulation Properties

Insulation voltage	$V_{\text{is}}$	$t = 2\text{s}$ DC voltage	4000	V
Creepage distance			min 12,7	mm
Clearance			min 12,7	mm
Comparative tracking index	CTI		>200	

### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
			$V_{GE}$ [V] or $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_f$ [V] or $V_{CE}$ [V] or $V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_c$ [A] or $I_f$ [A] or $I_D$ [A]	$T_j$	Min	Typ	Max	
half bridge IGBT ( T1 , T4 )										
Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE}=V_{GE}$			0,0208	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$	5	5,8	6,5	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CEsat}$		15		600	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$	1,4	2,22 2,75	2,4	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current incl. FWD	$I_{CES}$		0	1200		$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$			0,08	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$			960	nA
Integrated Gate resistor	$R_{gint}$							1,25		$\Omega$
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{goff}=0,5\ \Omega$ $R_{gon}=0,5\ \Omega$	$\pm 15$	350	600	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		245 256		ns
Rise time	$t_r$					$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		44 54		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		301 349		
Fall time	$t_f$					$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		34 57		
Turn-on energy loss	$E_{on}$					$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		10 18		mWs
Turn-off energy loss	$E_{off}$	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		14 24						
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$							35200		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$	$f=1\text{MHz}$	0	25		$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		2250		
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$							1880		
Gate charge	$Q_G$		15	960	600	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		2775		nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	Phase-Change Material						0,09		K/W
Thermal resistance chip to case	$R_{th(j-c)}$	$\lambda=3,4\text{W/mK}$						0,06		
neutral point FWD ( D2 , D3 )										
FWD forward voltage	$V_F$				600	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$	1,27	1,68 1,60	1,97	V
Peak reverse recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	$R_{gon}=0,5\ \Omega$	$\pm 15$	350	600	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		350 415		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		168 289		ns
Reverse recovered charge	$Q_{rr}$					$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		24 45		$\mu\text{C}$
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$					$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		5978 3609		A/ $\mu\text{s}$
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		5 10		mWs
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	Phase-Change Material						0,24		K/W
Thermal resistance chip to case	$R_{th(j-c)}$	$\lambda=3,4\text{W/mK}$						0,16		
neutral point IGBT ( T2 , T3 )										
Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE}=V_{GE}$			0,0096	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$	5	5,8	6,5	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CEsat}$		15		600	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$	1,05	1,54 1,80	1,85	V
Collector-emitter cut-off incl FWD	$I_{CES}$		0	600		$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$			0,0304	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$			2400	nA
Integrated Gate resistor	$R_{gint}$							0,5		$\Omega$
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{goff}=1\ \Omega$ $R_{gon}=1\ \Omega$	$\pm 15$	350	600	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		270 274		ns
Rise time	$t_r$					$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		41 45		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		351 374		
Fall time	$t_f$					$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		39 70		
Turn-on energy loss	$E_{on}$					$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		6 8		mWs
Turn-off energy loss	$E_{off}$	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		17 23						
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$							36960		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$	$f=1\text{MHz}$	0	25		$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		2304		
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$							1096		
Gate charge	$Q_G$		15	480	600	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		3760		nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	Phase-Change Material						0,15		K/W
Thermal resistance chip to case	$R_{th(j-c)}$	$\lambda=3,4\text{W/mK}$						0,10		

### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
			$V_{GE}$ [V] or $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_r$ [V] or $V_{CE}$ [V] or $V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] or $I_F$ [A] or $I_D$ [A]	$T_j$	Min	Typ	Max	
half bridge FWD ( D1 , D4 )										
FWD forward voltage	$V_F$				600	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$	1	2,15 2,15	2,7	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_r$			1200		$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$			720	$\mu\text{A}$
Peak reverse recovery current	$I_{RRM}$					$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		477 599		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		67 91		ns
Reverse recovered charge	$Q_{rr}$	Rgon=1 $\Omega$	$\pm 15$	350	600	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		19 33		$\mu\text{C}$
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$					$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		21481 20331		A/ $\mu\text{s}$
Reverse recovery energy	$E_{rec}$					$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		4 7		mWs
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink	$R_{th(j-s)}$					Phase-Change Material				0,20
Thermal resistance chip to case	$R_{th(j-c)}$	$\lambda=3,4\text{W/mK}$				0,13				
DC link Capacitor										
C value	C							2* 0,68		$\mu\text{F}$
Thermistor										
Rated resistance	R					$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		22000		$\Omega$
Deviation of R100	$\Delta_{R/R}$	R100=1486 $\Omega$				$T_c=100^{\circ}\text{C}$	-12		+14	%
Power dissipation	P					$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		200		mW
Power dissipation constant						$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		2		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 3\%$				$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		3950		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 3\%$				$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		3996		K
Vincotech NTC Reference						$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$			B	
Module Properties										
Module inductance (from chips to PCB)	$L_{sCE}$							10		nH
Mounting torque	M	Screw M4 - mounting according to valid application note FSWB1-4TY-M-* -HI					2		2,2	Nm
Mounting torque	M	Screw M5 - mounting according to valid application note FSWB1-4TY-M-* -HI					4		6	Nm
Terminal connection torque	M	Screw M6 - mounting according to valid application note FSWB1-4TY-M-* -HI					2,5		5	Nm
Weight	G								1300	g

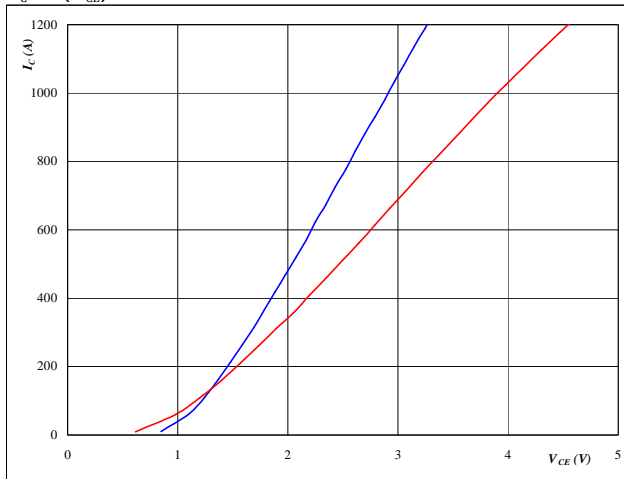


## Buck operation

half bridge IGBT (T1,T4) and neutral point FWD (D2,D3)

**Figure 1** IGBT**Typical output characteristics  $V_{GE}=15V$** 

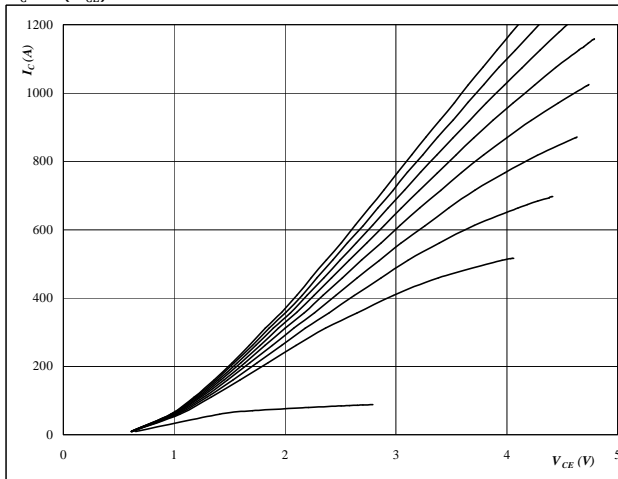
$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

**At**

$t_p = 350 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 25/125/150 ^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$

**Figure 2** IGBT**Typical output characteristics**

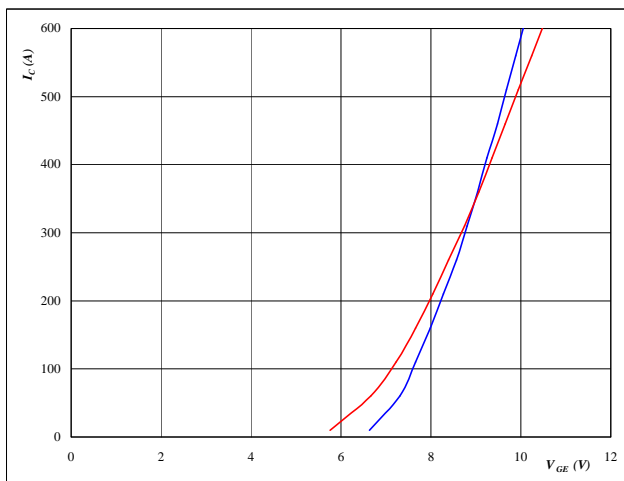
$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

**At**

$t_p = 350 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 150 ^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**Figure 3** IGBT**Typical transfer characteristics**

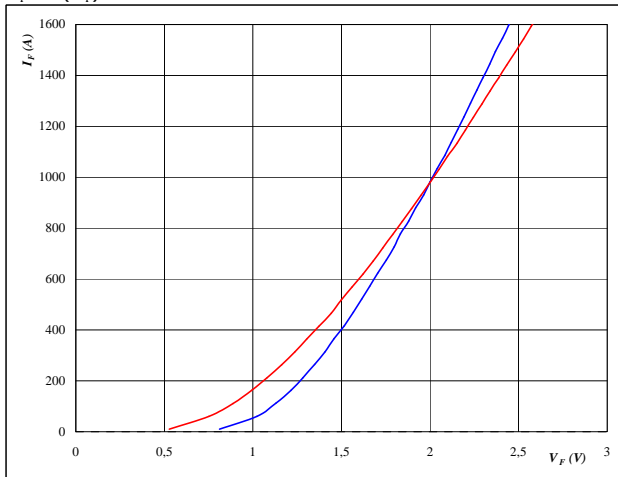
$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

**At**

$t_p = 350 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$   
 $T_j = 25/125/150 ^\circ C$

**Figure 4** FWD**Typical FWD forward current as a function of forward voltage**

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

**At**

$t_p = 350 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 25/125/150 ^\circ C$



## Buck operation

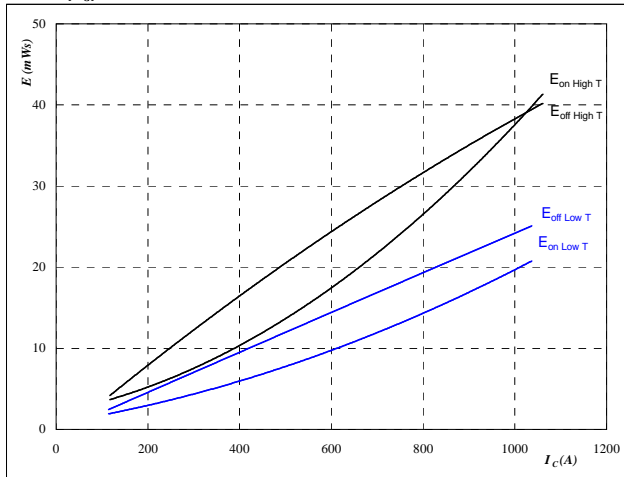
half bridge IGBT (T1,T4) and neutral point FWD (D2,D3)

**Figure 5**

IGBT

**Typical switching energy losses  
as a function of collector current**

$$E = f(I_C)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 25/125/150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350\text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$$

$$R_{gon} = 0,5\text{ }\Omega$$

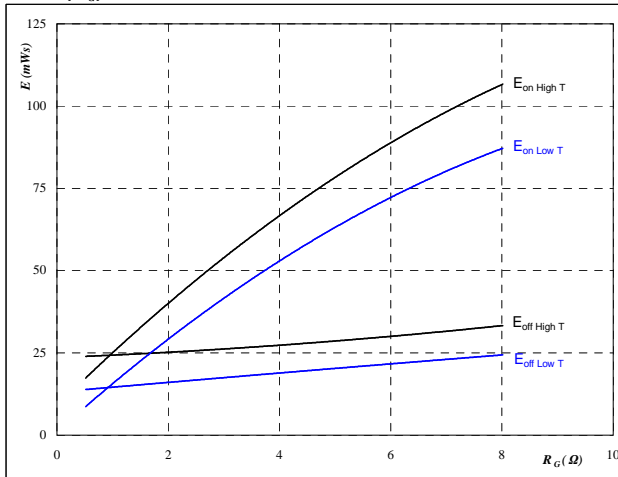
$$R_{goff} = 0,5\text{ }\Omega$$

**Figure 6**

IGBT

**Typical switching energy losses  
as a function of gate resistor**

$$E = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 25/125/150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350\text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$$

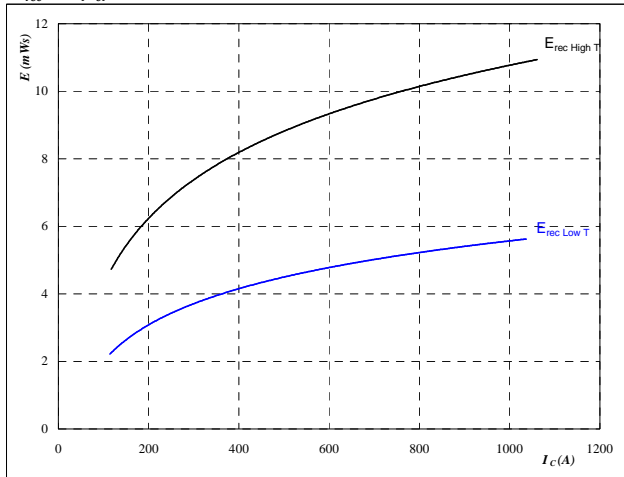
$$I_C = 600\text{ A}$$

**Figure 7**

FWD

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss  
as a function of collector current**

$$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 25/125/150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350\text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$$

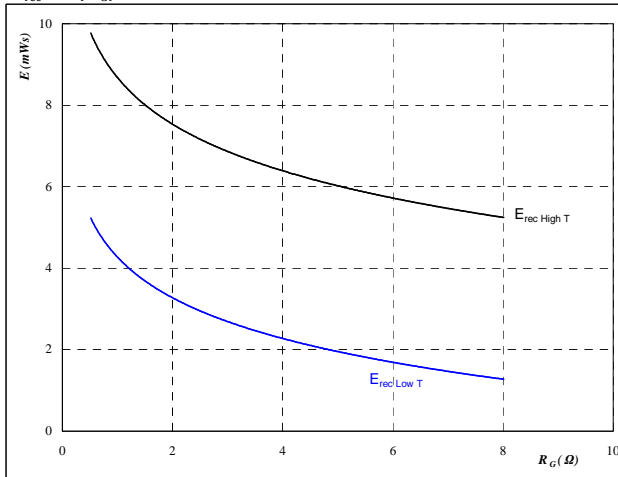
$$R_{gon} = 0,5\text{ }\Omega$$

**Figure 8**

FWD

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss  
as a function of gate resistor**

$$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 25/125/150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350\text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$$

$$I_C = 600\text{ A}$$



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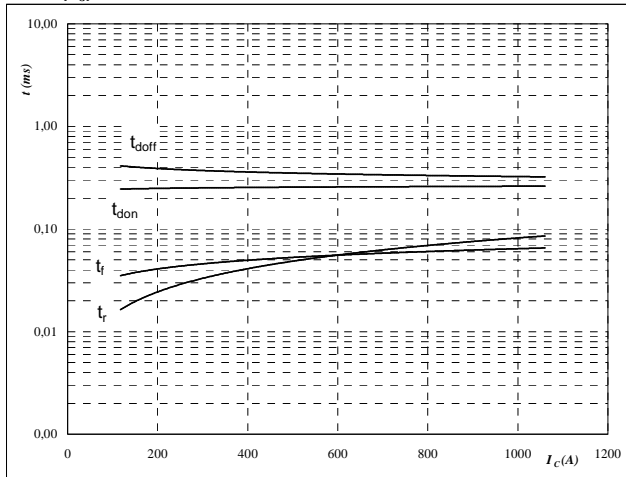
## Buck operation

half bridge IGBT (T1,T4) and neutral point FWD (D2,D3)

**Figure 9** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



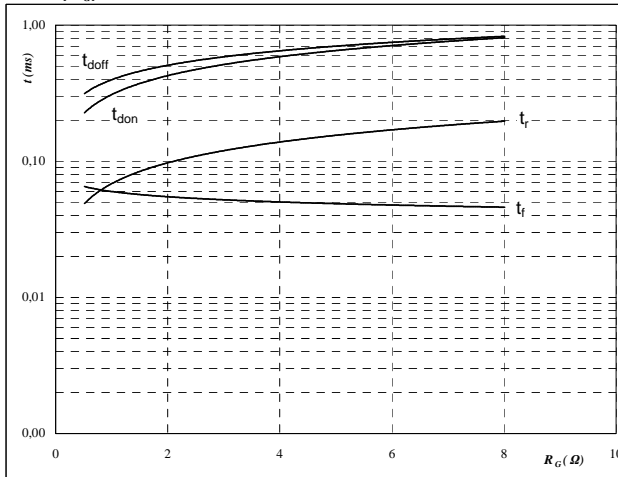
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 0,5 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 0,5 \text{ } \Omega$

**Figure 10** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_G)$$



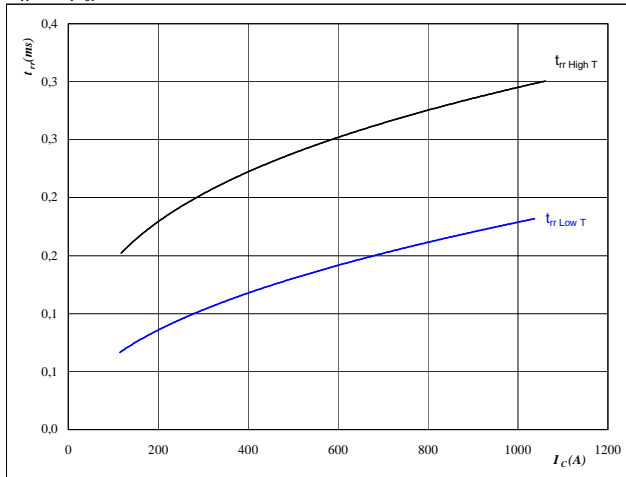
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 600 \text{ A}$

**Figure 11** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



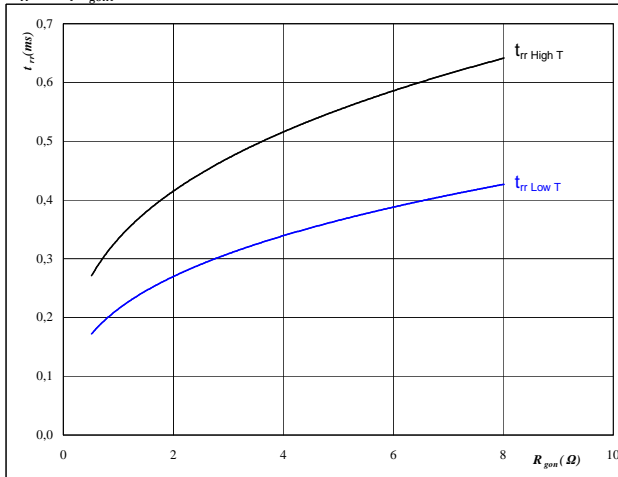
At

$T_j = 25/125/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 0,5 \text{ } \Omega$

**Figure 12** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



At

$T_j = 25/125/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_R = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $I_F = 600 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$





## Buck operation

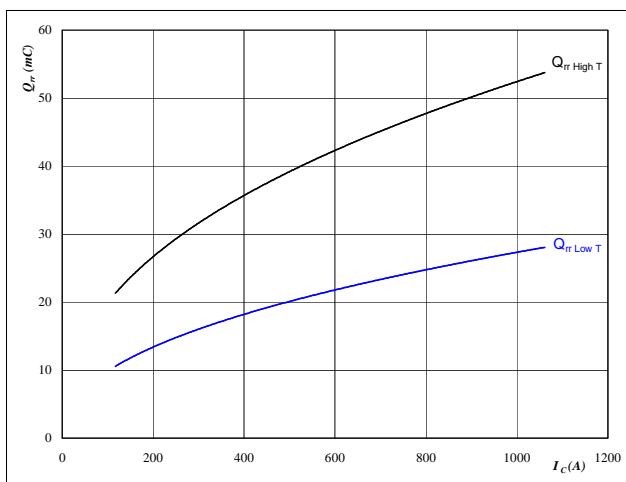
half bridge IGBT (T1,T4) and neutral point FWD (D2,D3)

**Figure 13**

FWD

**Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current**

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

**At**

$$T_j = 25/125/150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350\text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$$

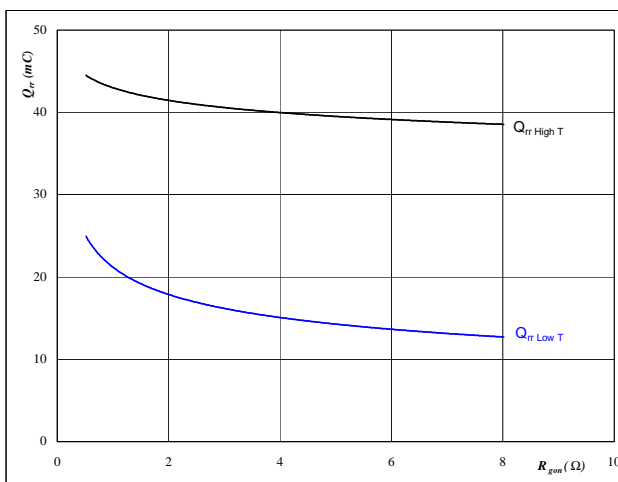
$$R_{gon} = 0,5\text{ }\Omega$$

**Figure 14**

FWD

**Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 25/125/150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$V_R = 350\text{ V}$$

$$I_F = 600\text{ A}$$

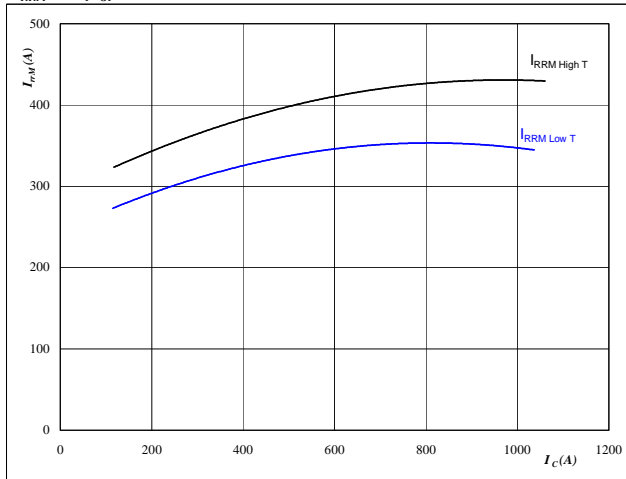
$$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$$

**Figure 15**

FWD

**Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current**

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$$

**At**

$$T_j = 25/125/150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350\text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$$

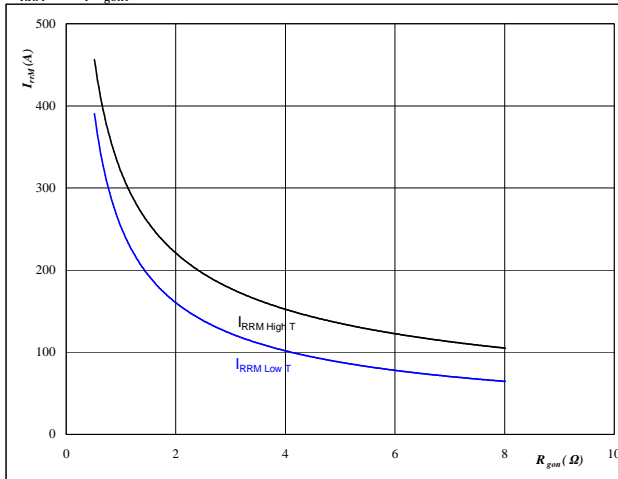
$$R_{gon} = 0,5\text{ }\Omega$$

**Figure 16**

FWD

**Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 25/125/150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$V_R = 350\text{ V}$$

$$I_F = 600\text{ A}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$$



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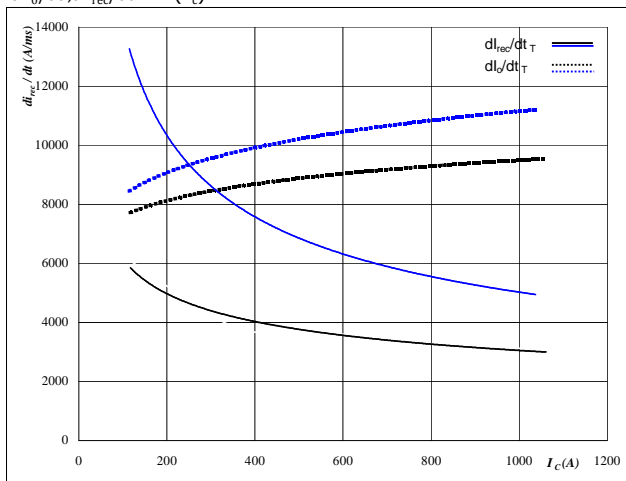
## Buck operation

half bridge IGBT (T1,T4) and neutral point FWD (D2,D3)

**Figure 17** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward  
and reverse recovery current as a  
function of collector current

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_C)$$



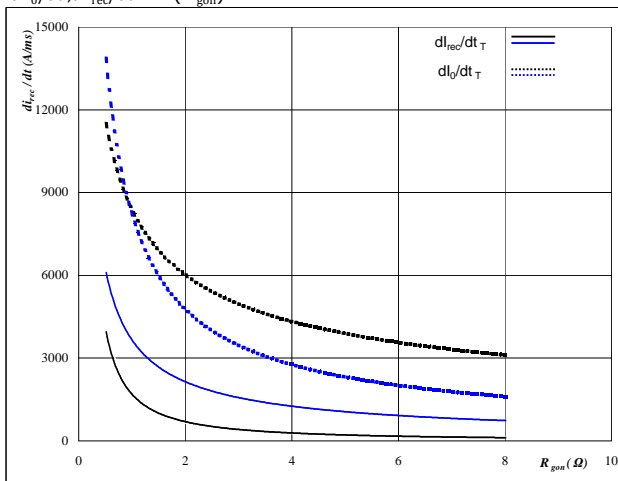
At

$T_j = 25/125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350\text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 0,5\text{ }\Omega$

**Figure 18** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward  
and reverse recovery current as a  
function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$$



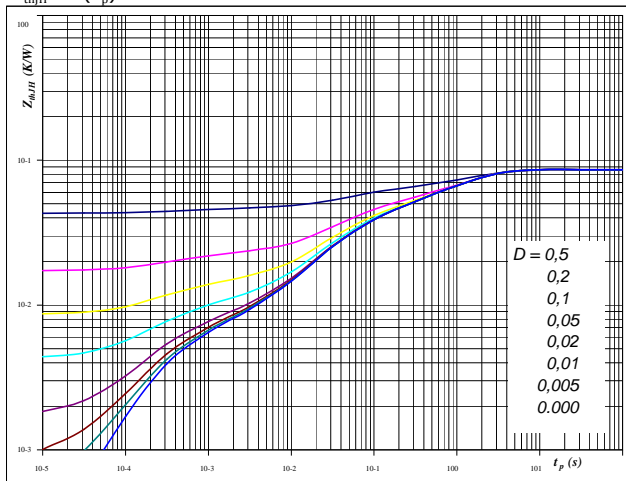
At

$T_j = 25/125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $V_R = 350\text{ V}$   
 $I_F = 600\text{ A}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$

**Figure 19** IGBT

IGBT transient thermal impedance  
as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$



At

$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{thJH} = 0,086\text{ K/W}$

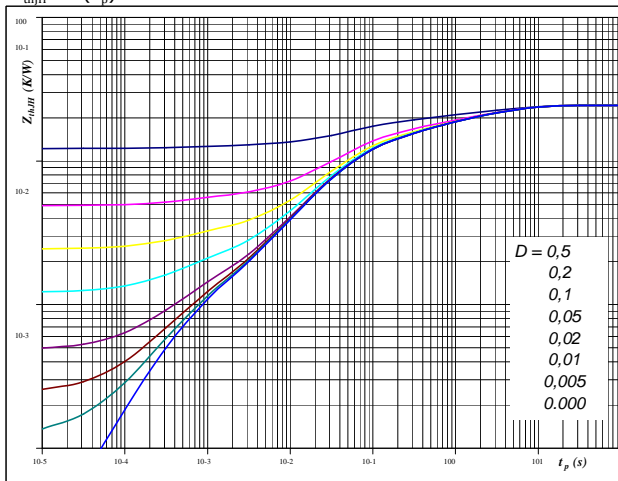
IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
0,037	1,555
0,019	0,210
0,023	0,031
0,003	0,002
0,005	0,0003

**Figure 20** FWD

FWD transient thermal impedance  
as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$



At

$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{thJH} = 0,244\text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
0,046	5,114
0,048	1,051
0,046	0,196
0,074	0,043
0,018	0,014



## Buck operation

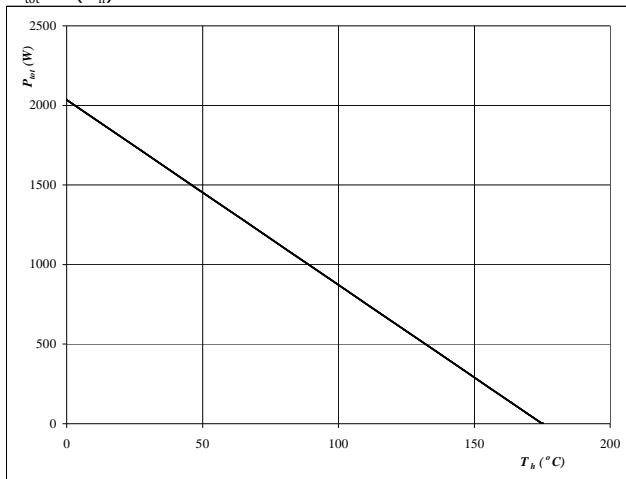
half bridge IGBT (T1,T4) and neutral point FWD (D2,D3)

**Figure 21**

IGBT

**Power dissipation as a  
function of heatsink temperature**

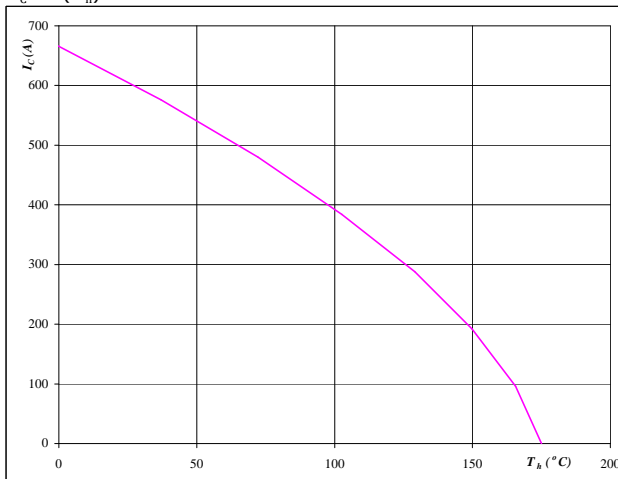
$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$$

**At** $T_j = 175$  °C**Figure 22**

IGBT

**Collector current as a  
function of heatsink temperature**

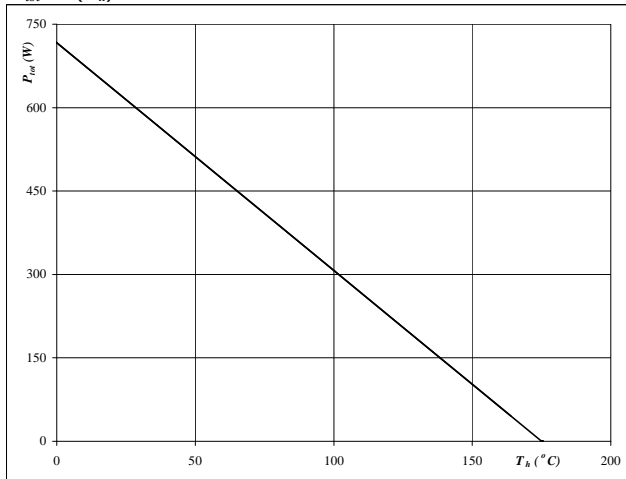
$$I_c = f(T_h)$$

**At** $T_j = 175$  °C $V_{GE} = 15$  V**Figure 23**

FWD

**Power dissipation as a  
function of heatsink temperature**

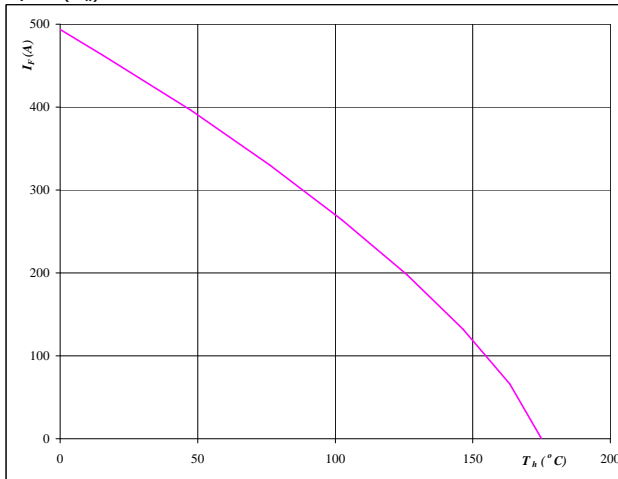
$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$$

**At** $T_j = 175$  °C**Figure 24**

FWD

**Forward current as a  
function of heatsink temperature**

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$

**At** $T_j = 175$  °C



Vincotech

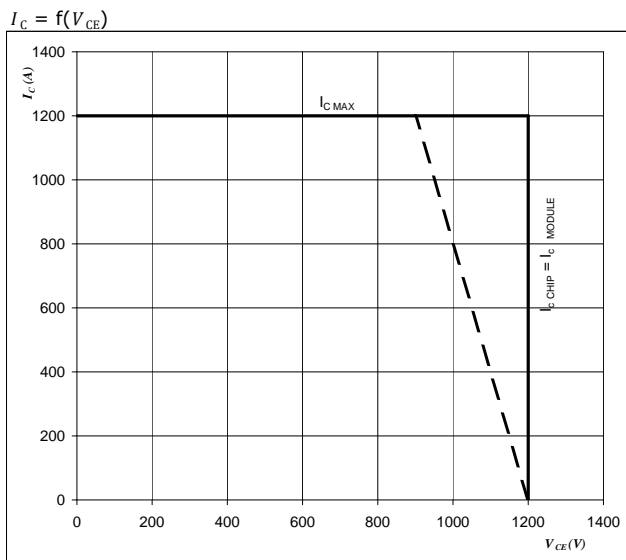
## Buck operation

half bridge IGBT (T1,T4) and neutral point FWD (D2,D3)

Figure 25

IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area



At

$T_j = 150$  °C

$U_{cc\text{ minus}} = U_{cc\text{ plus}} = U_{cc}/2$

$V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V

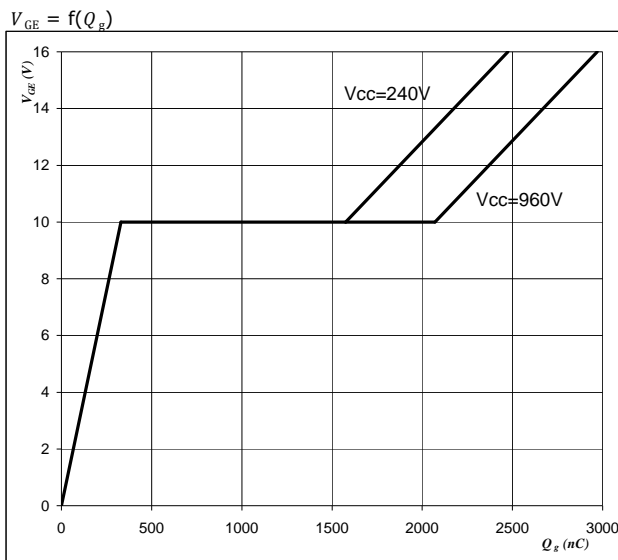
$R_{gon} = 0,5$  Ω

Switching mode: 3 level

Figure 26

IGBT

Gate voltage vs Gate charge



At

$I_C = 600$  A

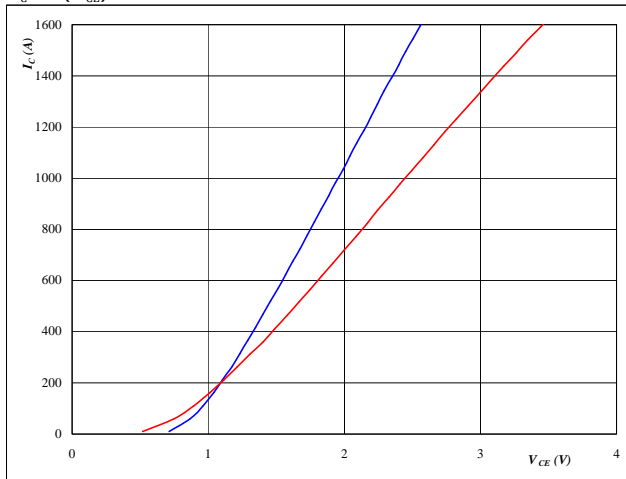


## Boost operation

neutral point IGBT (T2,T3) and half bridge FWD (D1,D2)

**Figure 1** IGBT**Typical output characteristics  $V_{GE}=15V$** 

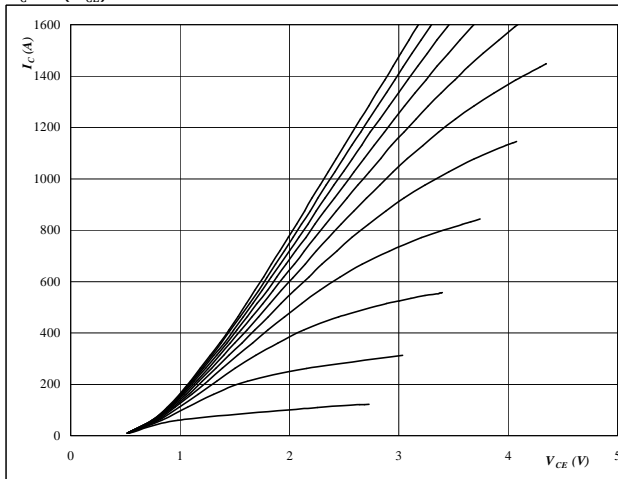
$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

**At**

$t_p = 350 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 25/125/150 \text{ } ^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$

**Figure 2** IGBT**Typical output characteristics**

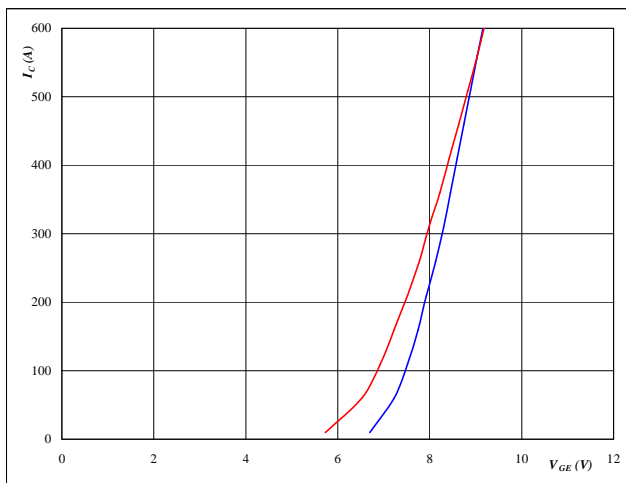
$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

**At**

$t_p = 350 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**Figure 3** IGBT**Typical transfer characteristics**

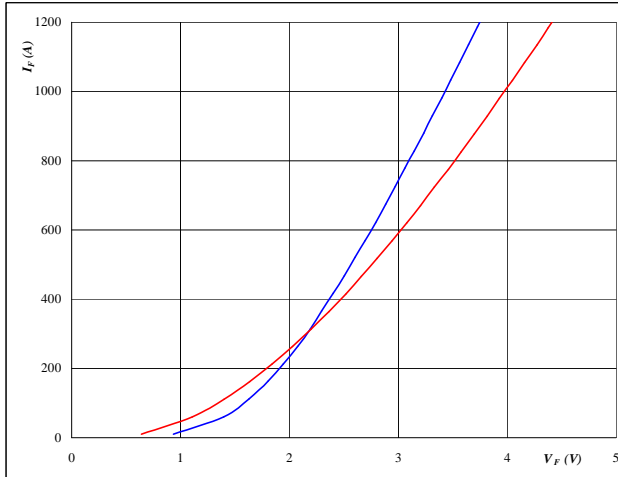
$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

**At**

$t_p = 350 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$   
 $T_j = 25/125/150 \text{ } ^\circ C$

**Figure 4** FWD**Typical FWD forward current as a function of forward voltage**

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

**At**

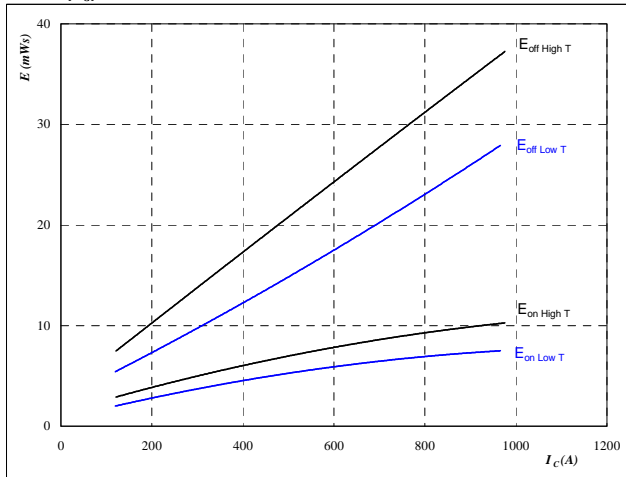
$t_p = 350 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 25/125/150 \text{ } ^\circ C$

**Boost operation**

neutral point IGBT (T2,T3) and half bridge FWD (D1,D2)

**Figure 5** IGBT**Typical switching energy losses  
as a function of collector current**

$$E = f(I_C)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 25/125/150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350\text{ V}$$

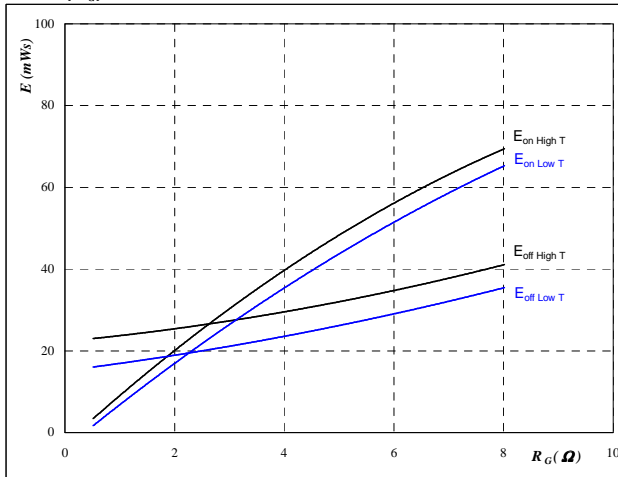
$$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$$

$$R_{gon} = 1\text{ }\Omega$$

$$R_{goff} = 1\text{ }\Omega$$

**Figure 6** IGBT**Typical switching energy losses  
as a function of gate resistor**

$$E = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 25/125/150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$

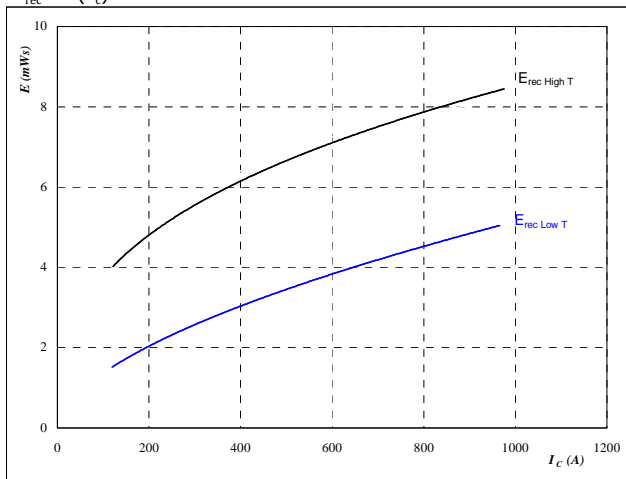
$$V_{CE} = 350\text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$$

$$I_C = 600\text{ A}$$

**Figure 7** FWD**Typical reverse recovery energy loss  
as a function of collector current**

$$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 25/125/150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$

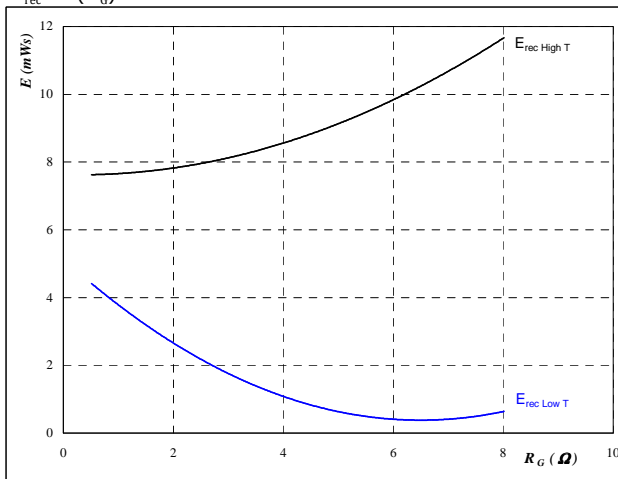
$$V_{CE} = 350\text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$$

$$R_{gon} = 1\text{ }\Omega$$

**Figure 8** FWD**Typical reverse recovery energy loss  
as a function of gate resistor**

$$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 25/125/150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350\text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$$

$$I_C = 600\text{ A}$$

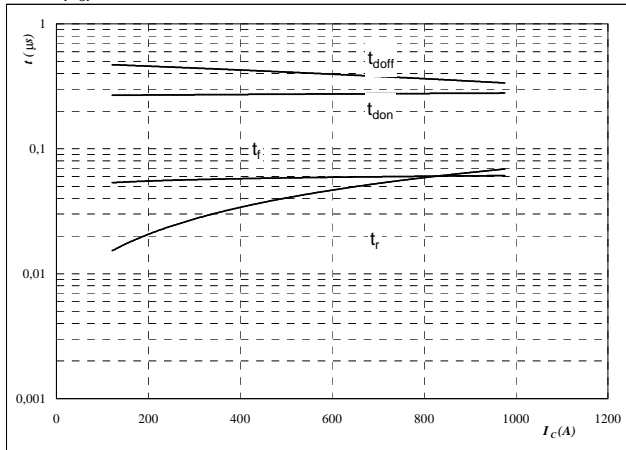


## Boost operation

neutral point IGBT (T2,T3) and half bridge FWD (D1,D2)

**Figure 9** IGBT**Typical switching times as a function of collector current**

$$t = f(I_C)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$$

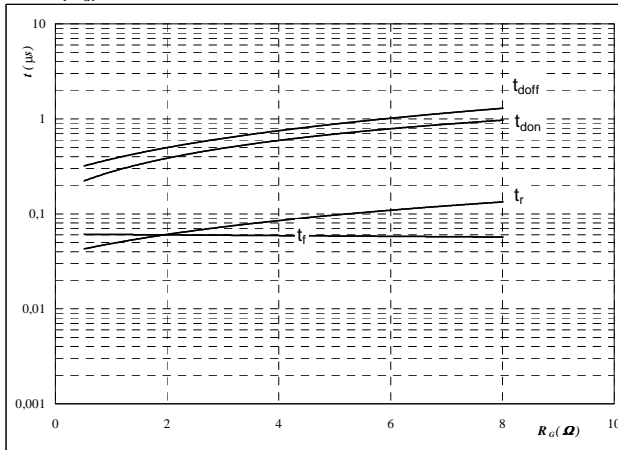
$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

$$R_{gon} = 1 \text{ } \Omega$$

$$R_{goff} = 1 \text{ } \Omega$$

**Figure 10** IGBT**Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor**

$$t = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

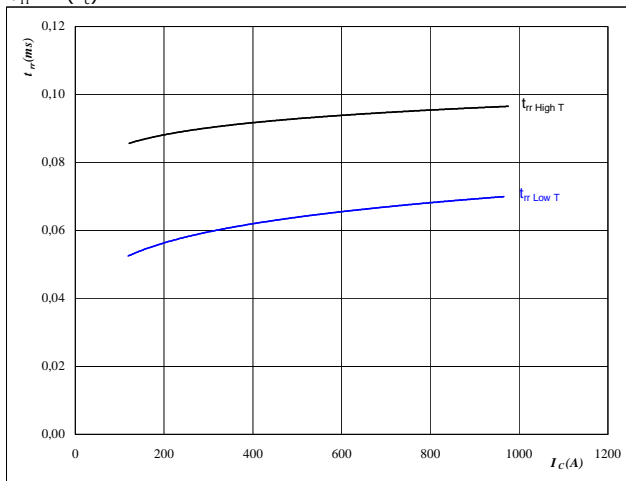
$$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

$$I_C = 600 \text{ A}$$

**Figure 11** FWD**Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current**

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

**At**

$$T_j = 25/125/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

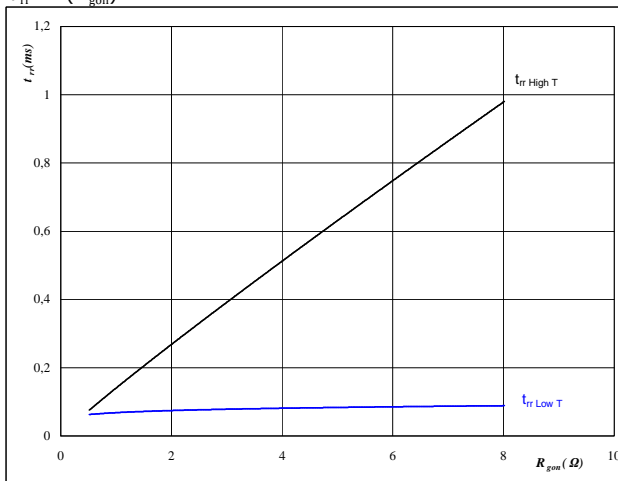
$$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

$$R_{gon} = 1 \text{ } \Omega$$

**Figure 12** FWD**Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 25/125/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_R = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$I_F = 600 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$



Vincotech

## Boost operation

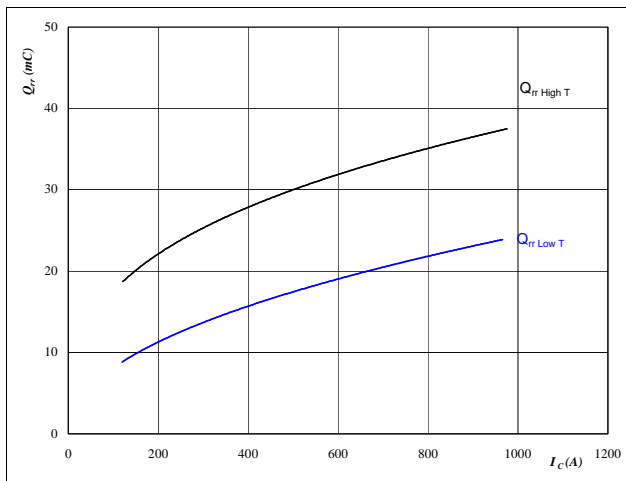
neutral point IGBT (T2,T3) and half bridge FWD (D1,D2)

**Figure 13**

FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



At

$$T_j = 25/125/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

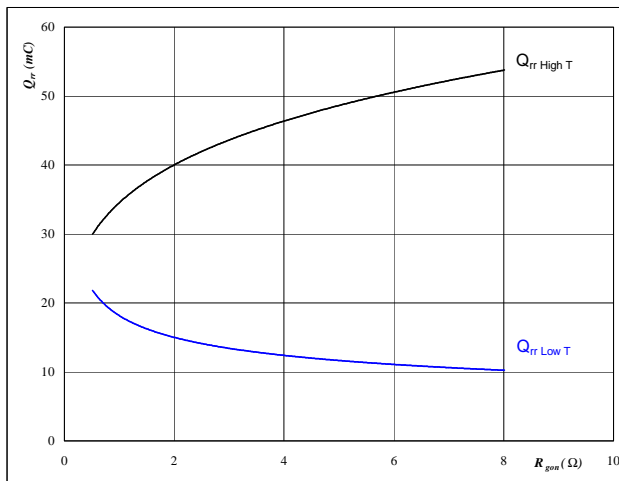
$$R_{gon} = 1 \text{ } \Omega$$

**Figure 14**

FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



At

$$T_j = 25/125/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_R = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$I_F = 600 \text{ A}$$

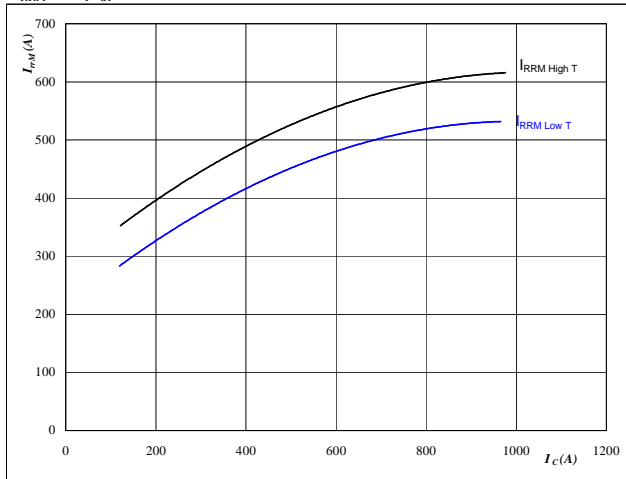
$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

**Figure 15**

FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$$



At

$$T_j = 25/125/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

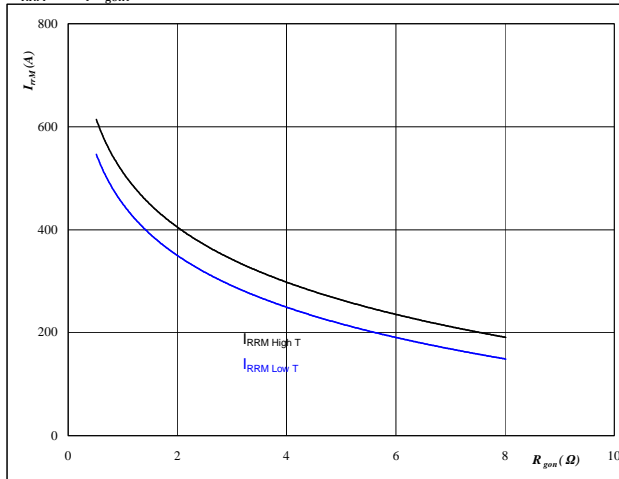
$$R_{gon} = 1 \text{ } \Omega$$

**Figure 16**

FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$



At

$$T_j = 25/125/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_R = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$I_F = 600 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$





## Boost operation

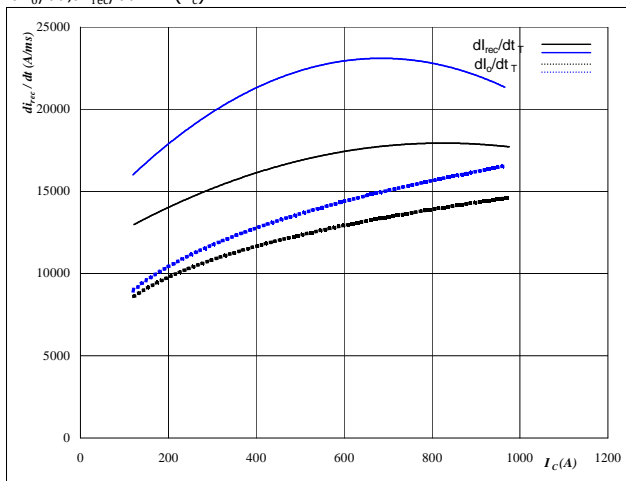
neutral point IGBT (T2,T3) and half bridge FWD (D1,D2)

Figure 17

FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward  
and reverse recovery current as a  
function of collector current

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$$



At

$$T_j = 25/125/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

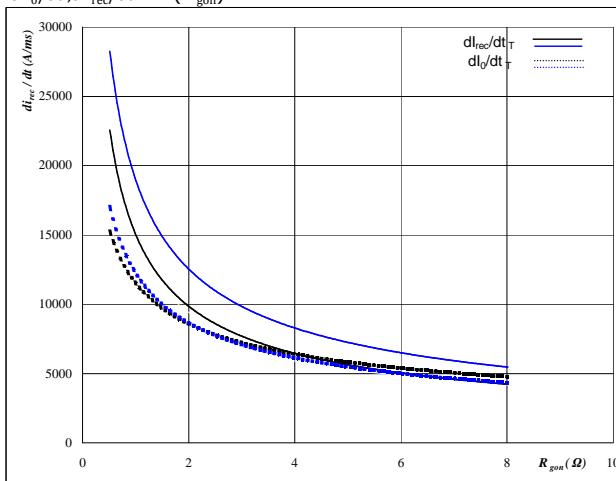
$$R_{gon} = 1 \text{ } \Omega$$

Figure 18

FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward  
and reverse recovery current as a  
function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$$



At

$$T_j = 25/125/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_R = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$I_F = 600 \text{ A}$$

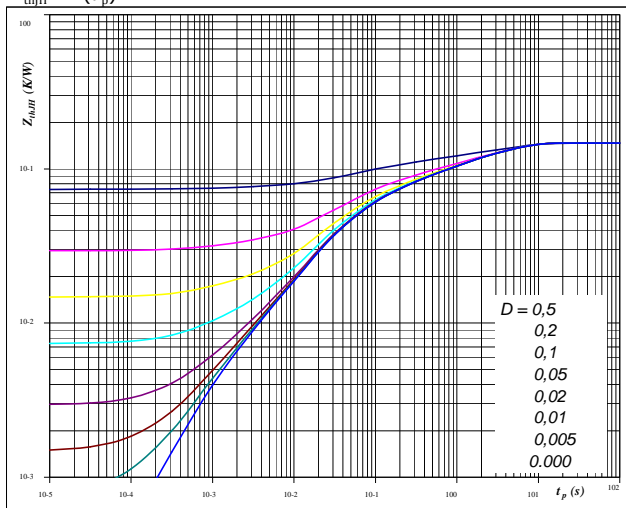
$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

Figure 19

IGBT

IGBT transient thermal impedance  
as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thjH} = f(t_p)$$



At

$$D = t_p / T$$

$$R_{thjH} = 0,15 \text{ K/W}$$

IGBT thermal model values

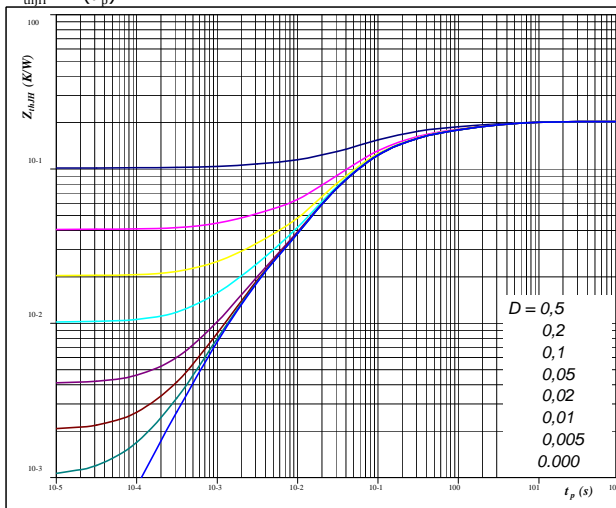
R (K/W)	Tau (s)
0,05	3,58
0,02	0,74
0,03	0,18
0,03	0,04
0,01	0,01

Figure 20

FWD

FWD transient thermal impedance  
as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thjH} = f(t_p)$$



At

$$D = t_p / T$$

$$R_{thjH} = 0,20 \text{ K/W}$$

FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
0,02	4,55
0,03	0,92
0,05	0,19
0,07	0,05
0,03	0,02



## Boost operation

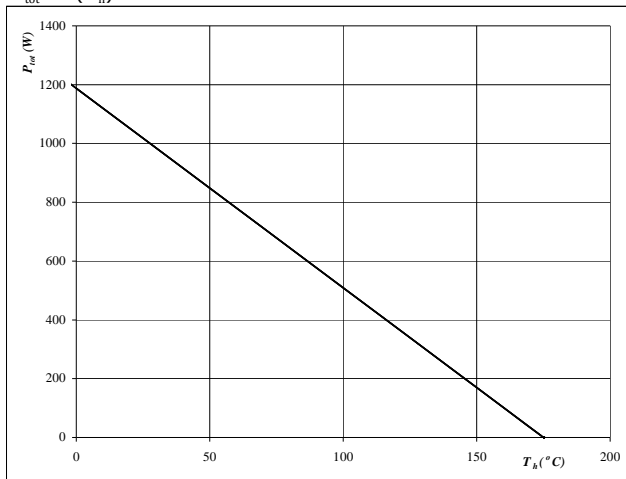
neutral point IGBT (T2,T3) and half bridge FWD (D1,D2)

**Figure 21**

IGBT

**Power dissipation as a  
function of heatsink temperature**

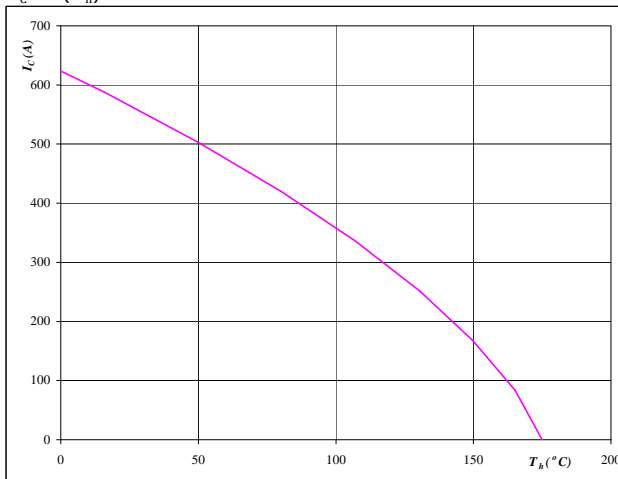
$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$$

**At** $T_j = 175$  °C**Figure 22**

IGBT

**Collector current as a  
function of heatsink temperature**

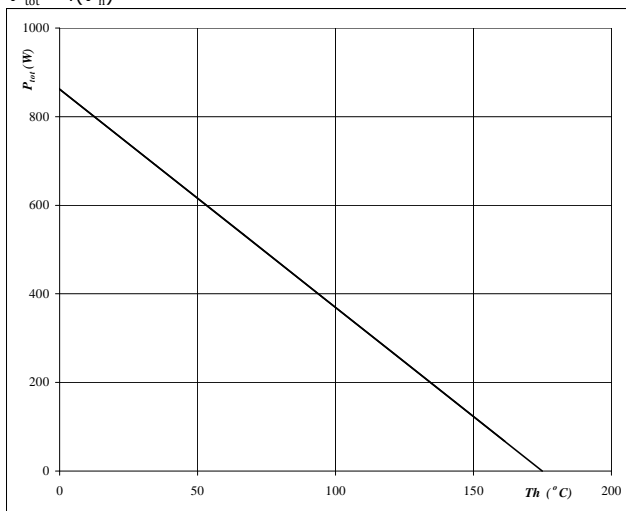
$$I_c = f(T_h)$$

**At** $T_j = 175$  °C $V_{GE} = 15$  V**Figure 23**

FWD

**Power dissipation as a  
function of heatsink temperature**

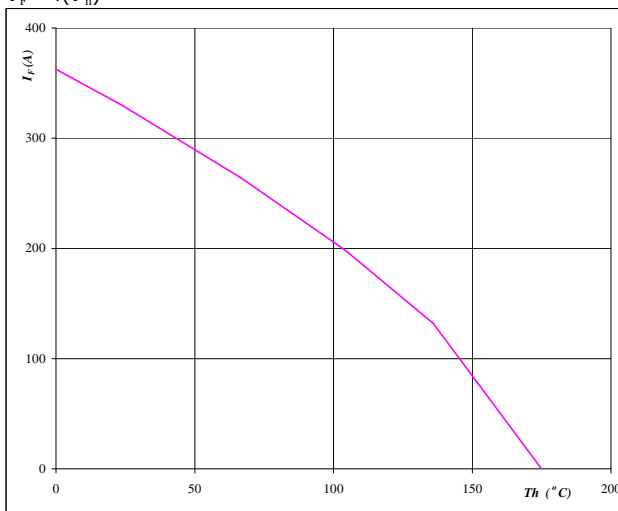
$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$$

**At** $T_j = 175$  °C**Figure 24**

FWD

**Forward current as a  
function of heatsink temperature**

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$

**At** $T_j = 175$  °C

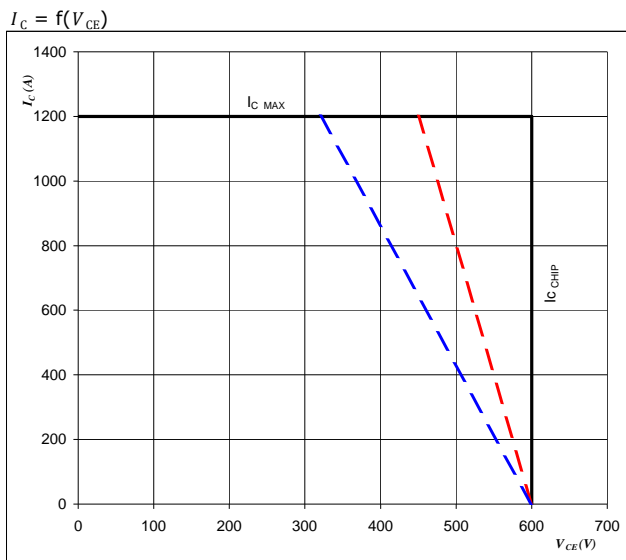


## Boost operation

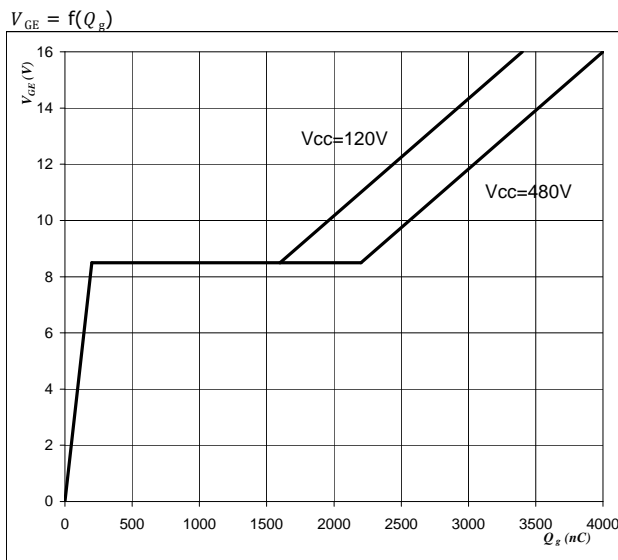
neutral point IGBT (T2,T3) and half bridge FWD (D1,D2)

**Figure 25**

IGBT

**Reverse bias safe operating area****At** $T_j = 25, 150$  °C $U_{ccminus} = U_{ccplus} = U_{CE}/2$  $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V $R_{\theta JA} = 1$  Ω**Figure 26**

IGBT

**Gate voltage vs Gate charge****At** $I_C = 600$  A

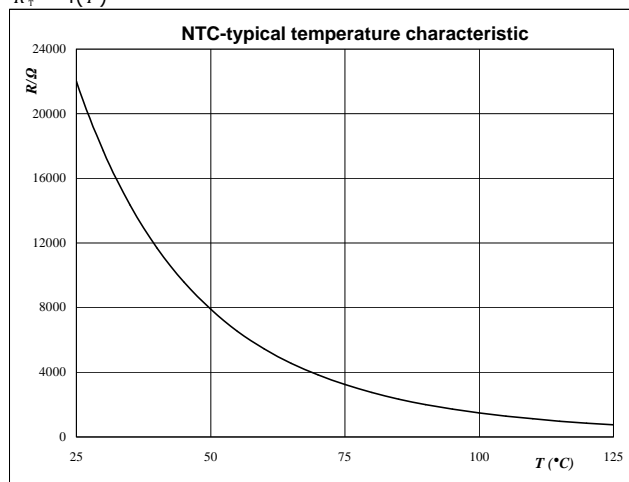


## Thermistor

**Figure 1** Thermistor

**Typical NTC characteristic  
as a function of temperature**

$$R_T = f(T)$$





Vincotech

70-W212NMC600SH01-M700P

datasheet

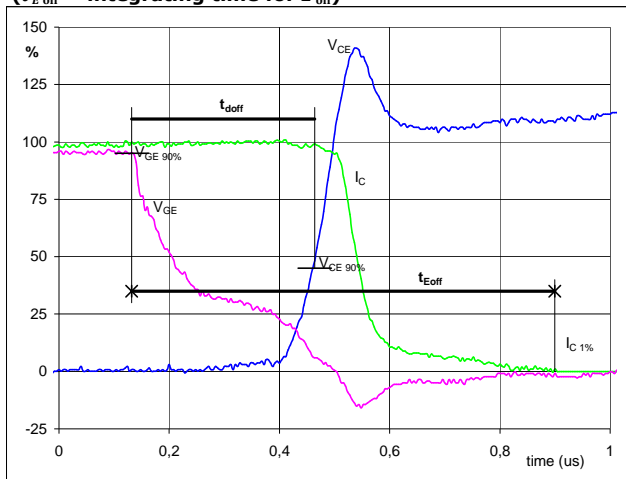
## Switching Definitions Half Bridge

### General conditions

$T_j$	=	125 °C
$R_{gon}$	=	0,5 $\Omega$
$R_{goff}$	=	0,5 $\Omega$

**Figure 1** Half Bridge IGBT

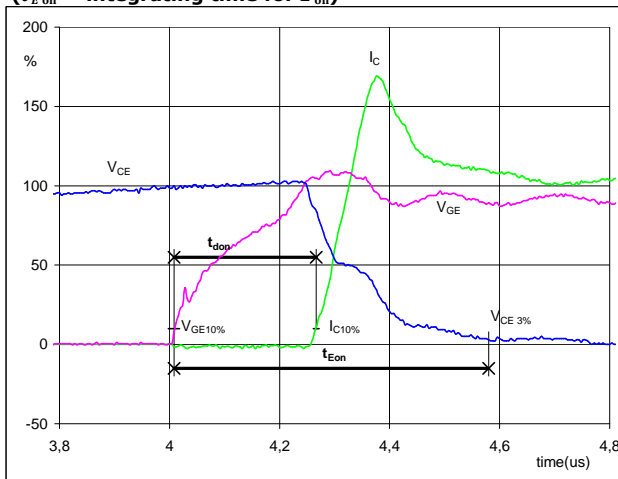
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$   $t_{Eoff}$**   
( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



$V_{GE}$ (0%) =	-15	V
$V_{GE}$ (100%) =	15	V
$V_C$ (100%) =	700	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	594	A
$t_{doff}$ =	0,349	$\mu$ s
$t_{Eoff}$ =	0,767	$\mu$ s

**Figure 2** Half Bridge IGBT

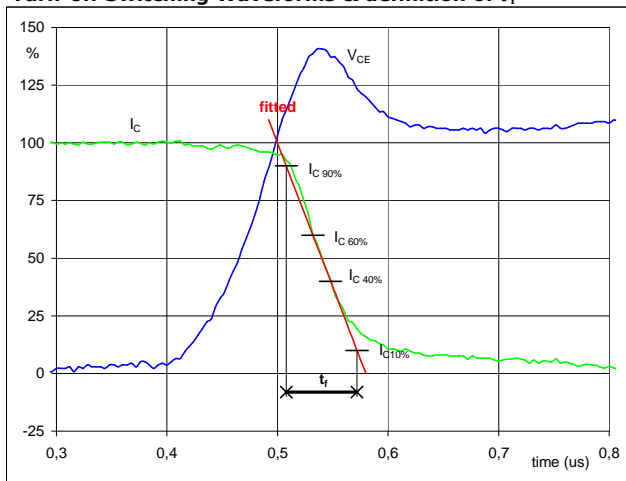
**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$   $t_{Eon}$**   
( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



$V_{GE}$ (0%) =	-15	V
$V_{GE}$ (100%) =	15	V
$V_C$ (100%) =	700	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	594	A
$t_{don}$ =	0,256	$\mu$ s
$t_{Eon}$ =	0,572	$\mu$ s

**Figure 3** Half Bridge IGBT

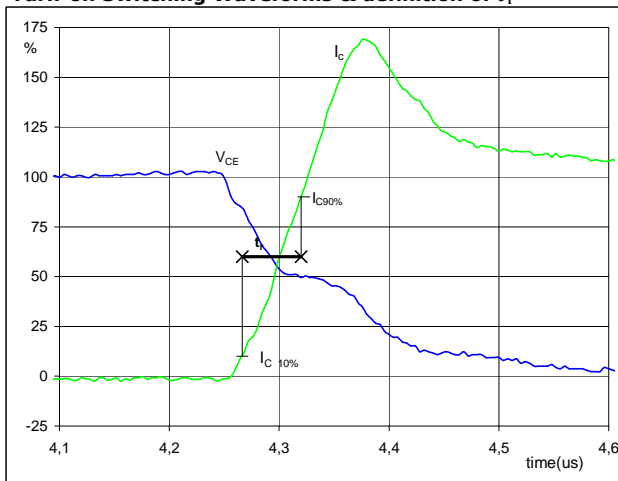
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$**



$V_C$ (100%) =	700	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	594	A
$t_f$ =	0,057	$\mu$ s

**Figure 4** Half Bridge IGBT

**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$**



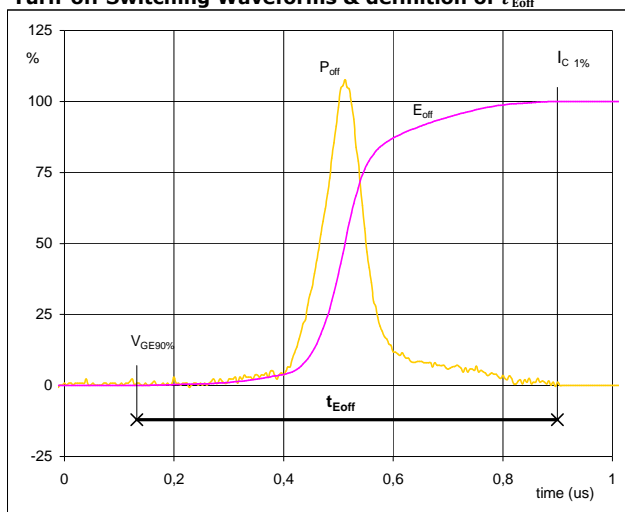
$V_C$ (100%) =	700	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	594	A
$t_r$ =	0,054	$\mu$ s



## Switching Definitions Half Bridge

**Figure 5** Half Bridge IGBT

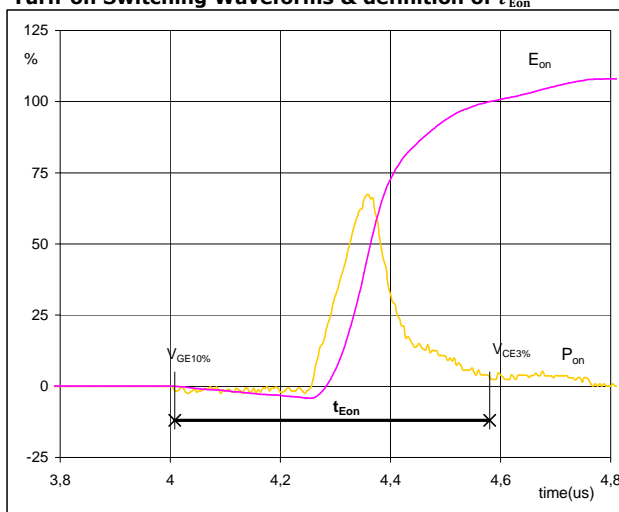
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Eoff}$



$P_{off} (100\%) = 415,88 \text{ kW}$   
 $E_{off} (100\%) = 24,11 \text{ mJ}$   
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,767 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$

**Figure 6** Half Bridge IGBT

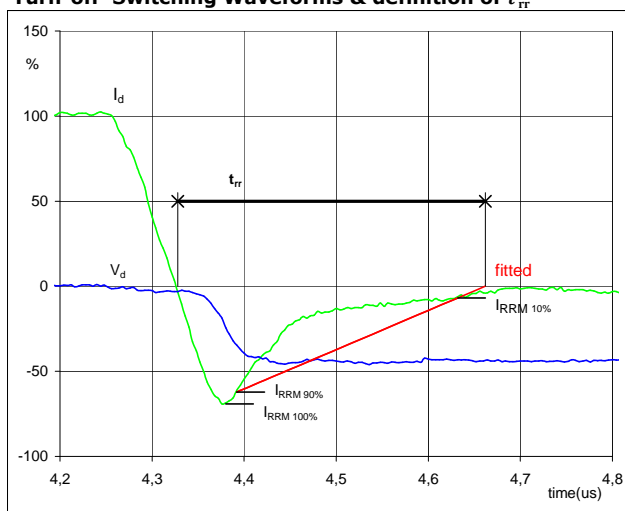
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Eon}$



$P_{on} (100\%) = 415,88 \text{ kW}$   
 $E_{on} (100\%) = 17,53 \text{ mJ}$   
 $t_{Eon} = 0,572 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$

**Figure 7** Neutral Point FWD

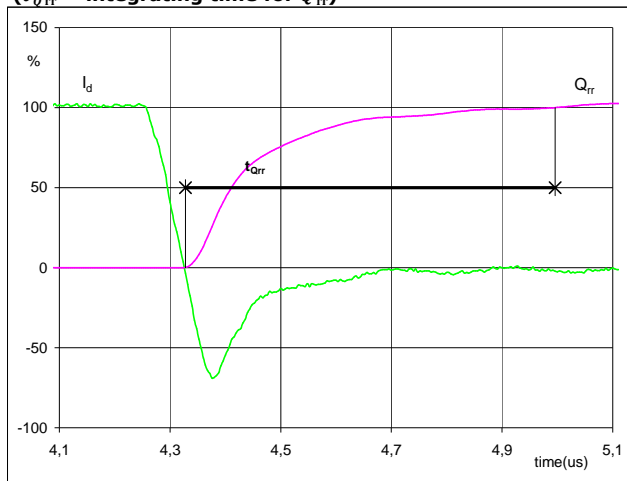
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{rr}$



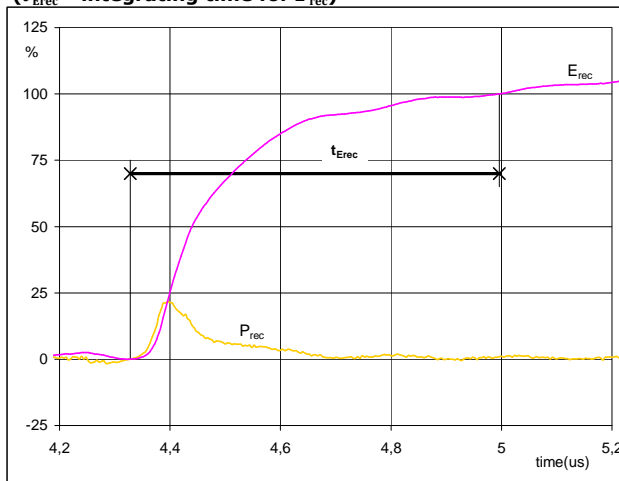
$V_d (100\%) = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $I_d (100\%) = 594 \text{ A}$   
 $I_{RRM} (100\%) = -415 \text{ A}$   
 $t_{rr} = 0,289 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$



## Switching Definitions Half Bridge

**Figure 8** Neutral Point FWD**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Qrr}$**   
( $t_{Qrr}$  = integrating time for  $Q_{rr}$ )

$I_d$ (100%) =	594	A
$Q_{rr}$ (100%) =	45,49	μC
$t_{Qrr}$ =	0,67	μs

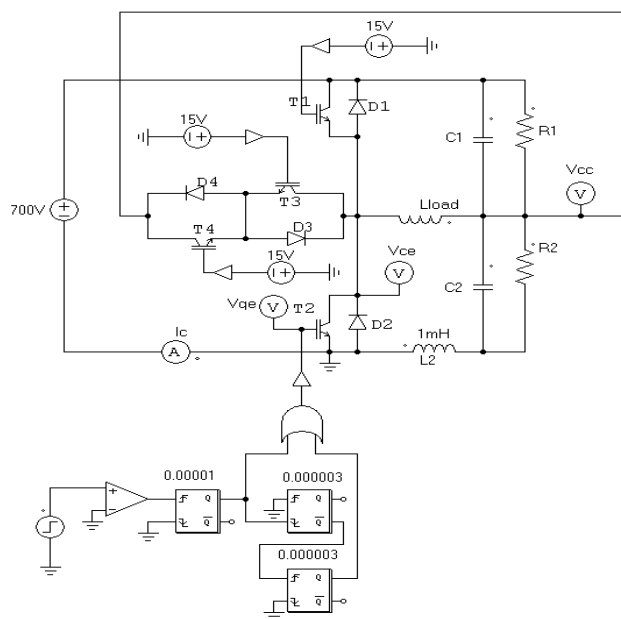
**Figure 9** Neutral Point FWD**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Erec}$**   
( $t_{Erec}$  = integrating time for  $E_{rec}$ )

$P_{rec}$ (100%) =	415,88	kW
$E_{rec}$ (100%) =	10,16	mJ
$t_{Erec}$ =	0,67	μs



## Half Bridge switching measurement circuit

Figure 10







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70-W212NMC600SH01-M700P

datasheet

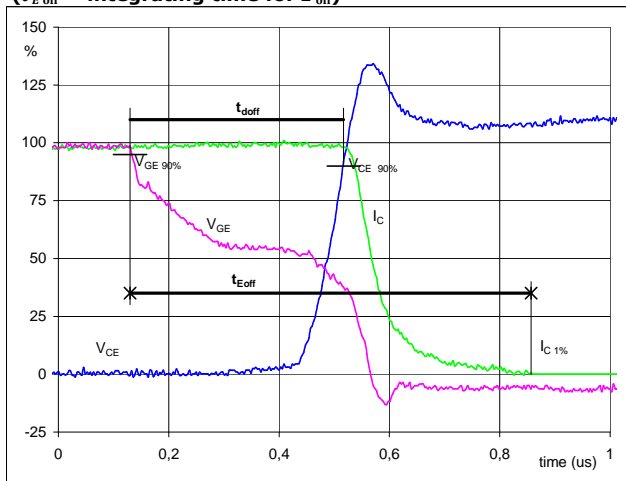
## Switching Definitions Neutral Point

### General conditions

$T_j$	=	125 °C
$R_{gon}$	=	1 $\Omega$
$R_{goff}$	=	1 $\Omega$

**Figure 1** Neutral Point IGBT

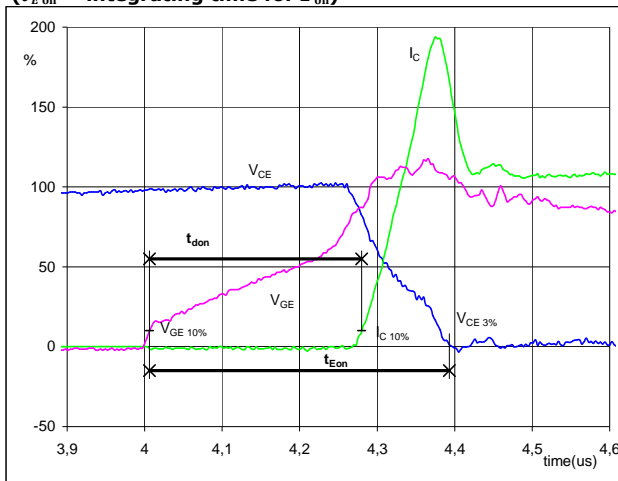
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$   $t_{Eoff}$**   
( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



$V_{GE}$ (0%) =	-15	V
$V_{GE}$ (100%) =	15	V
$V_C$ (100%) =	350	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	583	A
$t_{doff}$ =	0,23	$\mu$ s
$t_{Eoff}$ =	0,58	$\mu$ s

**Figure 2** Neutral Point IGBT

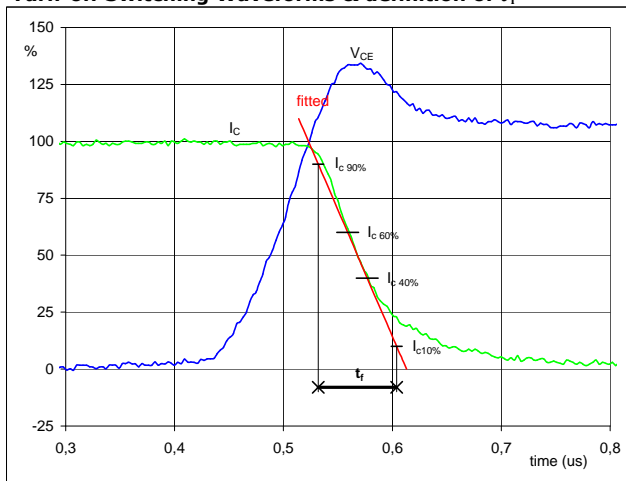
**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$   $t_{Eon}$**   
( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



$V_{GE}$ (0%) =	-15	V
$V_{GE}$ (100%) =	15	V
$V_C$ (100%) =	350	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	583	A
$t_{don}$ =	0,274	$\mu$ s
$t_{Eon}$ =	0,38	$\mu$ s

**Figure 3** Neutral Point IGBT

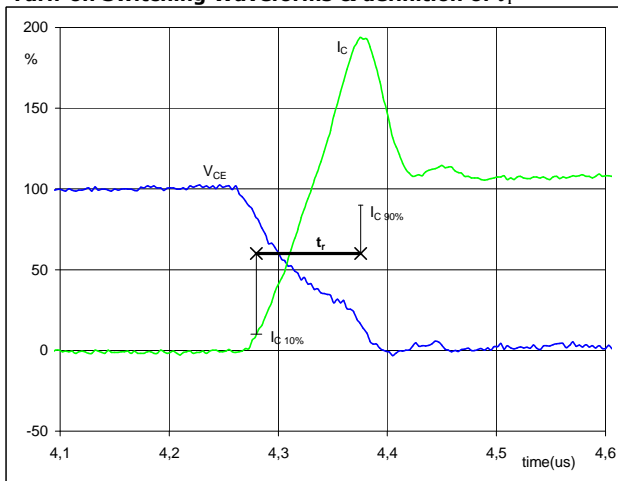
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$**



$V_C$ (100%) =	350	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	583	A
$t_f$ =	0,07	$\mu$ s

**Figure 4** Neutral Point IGBT

**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$**



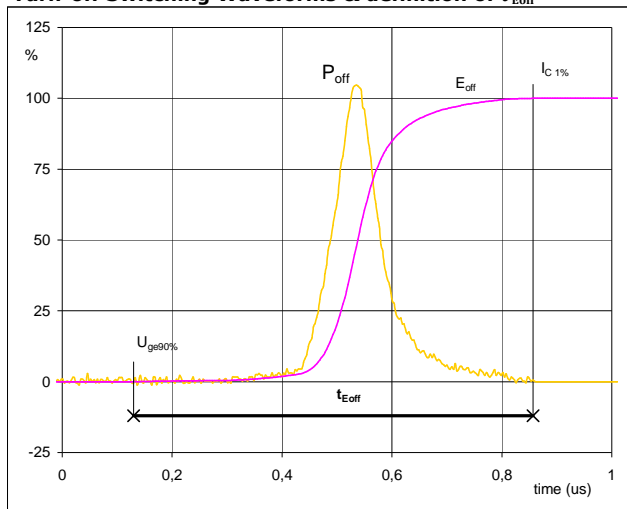
$V_C$ (100%) =	350	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	583	A
$t_r$ =	0,045	$\mu$ s



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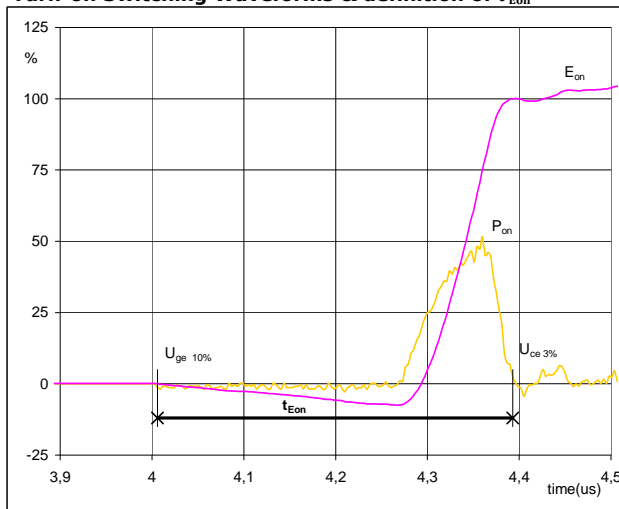
## Switching Definitions Neutral Point

**Figure 5** Neutral Point IGBT  
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Eoff}$**



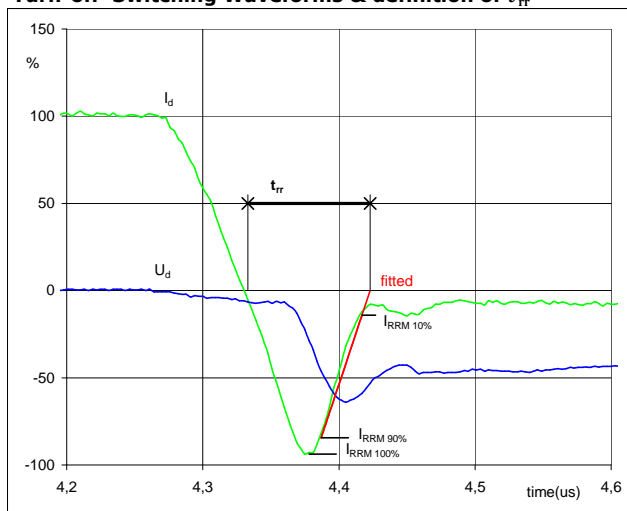
$P_{off} (100\%) = 203,90 \text{ kW}$   
 $E_{off} (100\%) = 23,39 \text{ mJ}$   
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,58 \text{ μs}$

**Figure 6** Neutral Point IGBT  
**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Eon}$**



$P_{on} (100\%) = 203,8995 \text{ kW}$   
 $E_{on} (100\%) = 13,39 \text{ mJ}$   
 $t_{Eon} = 0,38 \text{ μs}$

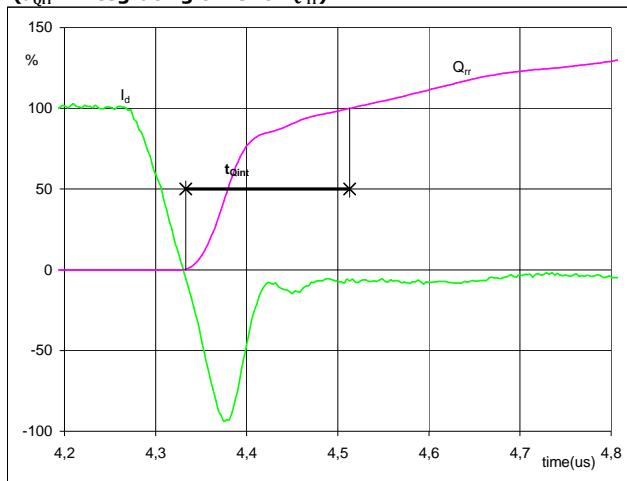
**Figure 7** Half Bridge FWD  
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{rr}$**



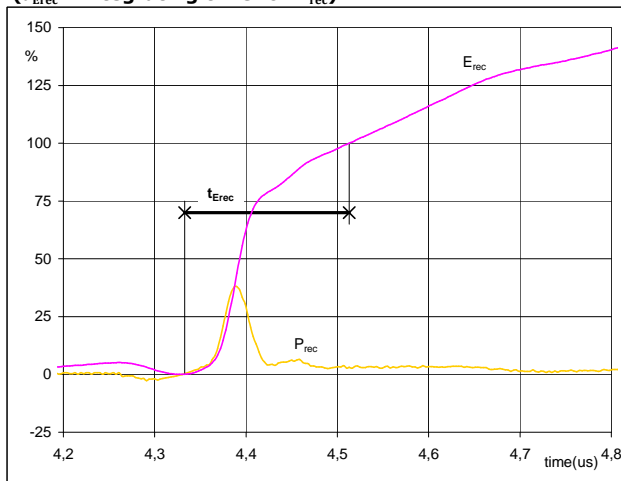
$V_d (100\%) = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $I_d (100\%) = 583 \text{ A}$   
 $I_{RRM} (100\%) = -545 \text{ A}$   
 $t_{rr} = 0,09 \text{ μs}$



## Switching Definitions Neutral Point

**Figure 8** Half Bridge FWD**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Qrr}$**   
( $t_{Qrr}$  = integrating time for  $Q_{rr}$ )

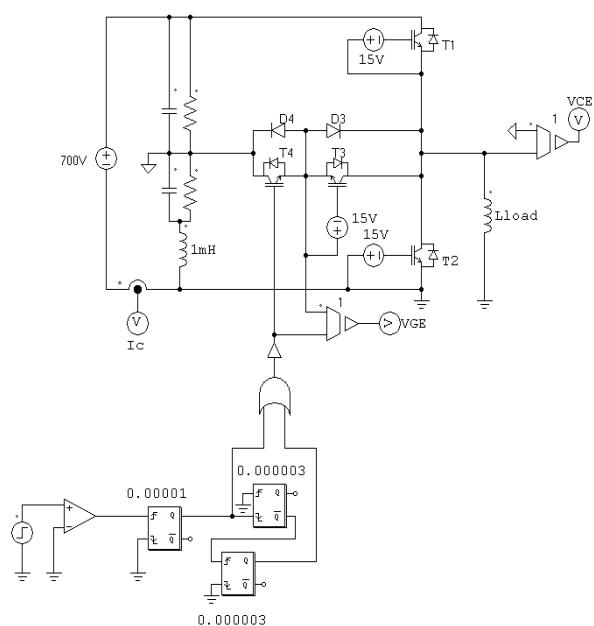
$I_d$  (100%) = 583 A  
 $Q_{rr}$  (100%) = 31,59  $\mu$ C  
 $t_{Qint}$  = 0,33  $\mu$ s

**Figure 9** Half Bridge FWD**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Erec}$**   
( $t_{Erec}$  = integrating time for  $E_{rec}$ )

$P_{rec}$  (100%) = 203,90 kW  
 $E_{rec}$  (100%) = 7,18 mJ  
 $t_{Erec}$  = 0,33  $\mu$ s

### Neutral Point switching measurement circuit

Figure 10



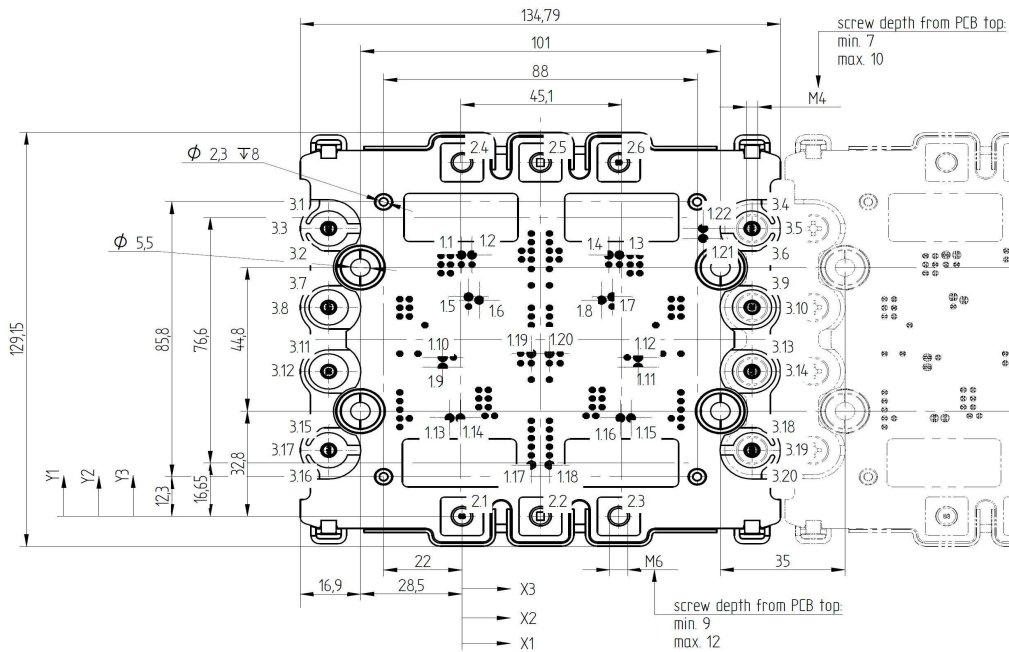
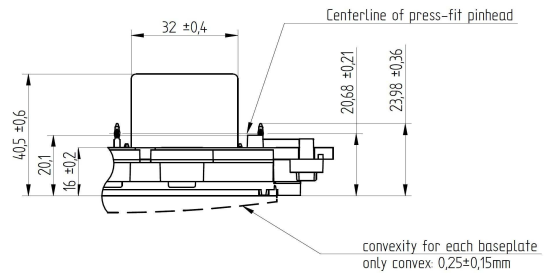
## Ordering Code and Marking - Outline - Pinout

### Ordering Code & Marking

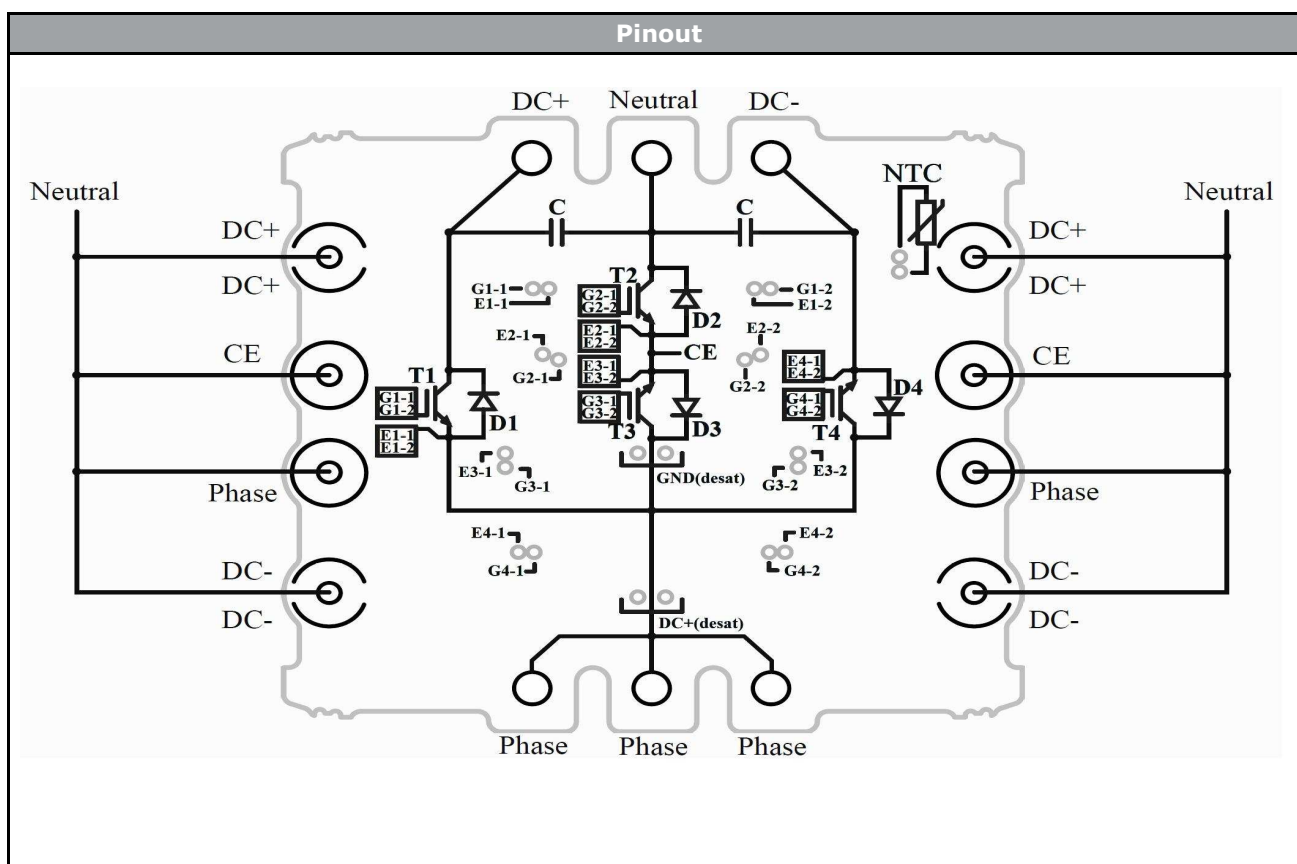
Version	Ordering Code	in DataMatrix as	in packaging barcode as
Standard	70-W212NMC600SH01-M700P	M700P	M700P

### Outline

Driver pins					Low current connections				Power connections			
Pin	X1	Y1	Function	Group	M4 screw	X3	Y3	Function	M6 screw	X2	Y2	Function
1.1	-0,2	81,6	G1-1	T1	3.1	-37	89,8	TR+	2.1	0	0	Phase
1.2	2,8	81,6	E1-1	T1	3.2	-37	89,8	DC+	2.2	22	0	Phase
1.3	44,2	81,6	G1-2	T1	3.3	-37	89,8	Neutral	2.3	44	0	Phase
1.4	41,2	81,6	E1-2	T1	3.4	81,4	89,8	TR+	2.4	0	110,4	DC+
1.5	1,85	68,5	G2-1	T2	3.5	81,4	89,8	Neutral	2.5	22	110,4	Neutral
1.6	4,85	67,5	E2-2	T2	3.6	81,4	89,8	DC+	2.6	44	110,4	DC-
1.7	42,2	68,5	G2-2	T2	3.7	-37	65,2	CE				
1.8	39,2	67,5	G3-1	T3	3.8	-37	65,2	Neutral				
1.9	-5,4	46,6	E3-1	T3	3.9	81,4	65,2	CE				
1.10	-5,4	49,6	G3-2	T3	3.10	81,4	65,2	Neutral				
1.11	49,4	46,6	E3-2	T3	3.11	-37	45,2	Phase				
1.12	49,4	49,6	G4-1	T4	3.12	-37	45,2	Neutral				
1.13	-3,45	30,7	E4-1	T4	3.13	81,4	45,2	Phase				
1.14	-0,45	30,7	G4-2	T4	3.14	81,4	45,2	Neutral				
1.15	47,5	30,7	E4-2	T4	3.15	-37	20,6	DC-				
1.16	44,5	30,7	Desat-DC+		3.16	-37	20,6	TR-				
1.17	19,5	16	Desat-DC+		3.17	-37	20,6	Neutral				
1.18	24,6	16	Desat-GND		3.18	81,4	20,6	DC-				
1.19	19,5	50,8	Desat-GND		3.19	81,4	20,6	Neutral				
1.20	24,6	50,8	NTC		3.20	81,4	20,6	TR-				
1.21	67,7	86,7	NTC									
1.22	67,7	89,8	NTC									



## Ordering Code and Marking - Outline - Pinout



Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T1, T4	IGBT	1200V	600A	Half Bridge Switch	
D1, D4	FWD	1200V	300A	Half Bridge Diode	
T2, T3	IGBT	600V	600A	Neutral Point Switch	
D2, D3	FWD	600V	600A	Neutral Point Diode	
NTC	NTC	-	-	Thermistor	

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.